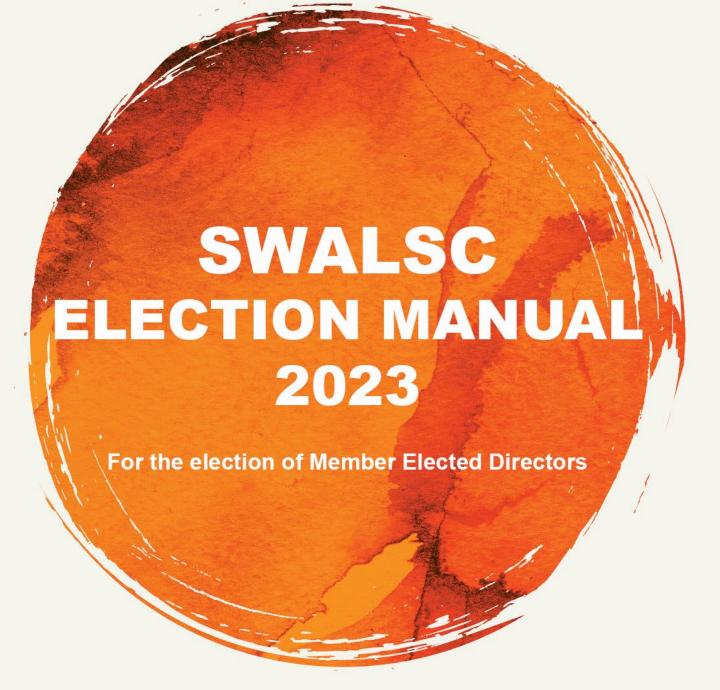


South West Aboriginal Land and Sea Council Aboriginal Corporation





South West Aboriginal Land & Sea Council

Election Manual

For the election of Member Elected Directors

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	Interpretation	1
2.	Eligibility of Electors	1
3.	Eligibility of Director Candidates	1
4.	Requesting the Returning Officer to conduct Director Elections	1
5.	Electoral Roll for each Ward	2
6.	Casual Director Vacancies	2
7.	Returning Officer Appointment	2
8.	Powers of Returning Officer	3
9.	Disputes	3
10.	Times and place for Nominations	3
11.	Notice Inviting Nominations	3
12.	Nomination process and role of Nominations Committee	4
13.	Candidates Elected Unopposed	6
14.	Insufficient Candidates	6
15.	Death of a Candidate	6
16.	Number of Candidates	6
17.	Election Package to be sent to Members in each Ward	6
18.	Form of Ballot Paper	7
19.	Form of Elector's Declaration	7
20.	Date of close of Vote and Issue of Ballot Papers	7
21.	Issue of Duplicate Postal Vote Ballot Paper or Ballot Paper Envelope	8
22.	How to Vote	8
23.	Ballot Boxes	8
24.	Scrutineers	8
25.	Receipt of Postal Vote Ballot Papers	9
26.	Preparation of Postal Ballot Papers for Count	9
27.	The Count	10
28.	Re-count	10
29.	Informal Ballot Papers	10
30.	Declaration of Result of voting by Postal vote	10
31.	Preservation and Custody of Election Material	11
32.	Extension of Time	11
33.	Fees and costs incurred by the Returning Officer	11

Election of Member Elected Directors

The Rule Book requires that the Directors must establish an Election Manual.

The appointment of Expert Directors is managed by the Member Directors in accordance with the Rule Book.

1. Interpretation

In these rules, unless the contrary intention appears:

'Rule Book' refers to the rule book of the Corporation;

'Board' means the Directors of the Corporation;

'Member' means a member of the Corporation;

'Member Directors' has the meaning given in the Corporation's Rule Book;

'ORIC' means the Office of the Registrar of Indigenous Corporations

'Principles' means the CSC in Annexure E of the ILUA's

'Returning Officer', in relation to an election, means the Returning Officer appointed for that election under the Rule Book;

'Nominations Committee' means the Nominations Committee of the Noongar Boodja Trust, unless the Corporation is not an Eligible Noongar Entity, in which case the Corporation may appoint a Nominations Committee in accordance with the Rule Book. The Nominations Committee of the Noongar Boodja Trust is eligible to be so appointed by the Corporation.

'Ward' means each of the regional Wards referred to in the Rule Book.

2. Eligibility of Electors

- 2.1 Electors must be members of the Corporation.
- 2.2 Electors can only vote if their name is on the Corporation's Register of Members at the close of the electoral roll or, in the case of elections at a General Meeting at the time that a Notice of Meeting has been sent by the Corporation to its members.

3. Eligibility of Director Candidates

- 3.1 All candidates for Member Director positions must be members.
- 3.2 Candidates must consent to their nomination for a vacancy and must signify their willingness to accept the office if elected.
- 3.3 Candidate eligibility will be assessed by the Nominations Committee against the eligibility requirements set out in the Rule Book.

4. Requesting the Returning Officer to conduct Director Elections

- 4.1 A request to an independent Returning Officer for the conduct of an election shall be made not less than **8 weeks** before the commencement of the period for lodging nominations.
- 4.2 The Returning Officer may accept a request made less than **8 weeks** before the commencement of such period if satisfied that it is practicable for the election to be conducted under the rules of the Corporation and a request so accepted shall be deemed to have been made in due time.

- 4.3 The Corporation will provide the following information to the Returning Officer:
 - (a) In the case of casual vacancies, the name of the director who is to be replaced
 - (b) The term of office for Member Directors
 - (c) The number of electors at the close of the electoral roll
 - (d) The name, title and contact details of the Corporation contact person that the Returning Officer is to liaise with during the election period and contact details for the Nominations Committee

5. Electoral Roll for each Ward

- 5.1 The electoral roll, which is a list of all the Corporation's eligible electors, must be approved by the Chief Executive Officer (or the Board, where the Chief Executive Officer is unable to do so) as containing correct names and addresses.
- 5.2 The date for the close of the electoral roll shall be at the time and date of the declaration of an election in accordance with the Rule Book.
- 5.3 If an election is to be held, the Corporation shall provide the Returning Officer with a certified copy of the electoral roll for the election in the format specified by the Returning Officer, immediately following the close of the electoral roll.
- 5.4 The Corporation shall provide the Returning Officer with the names and addresses of any persons who, after the date of receipt by the Returning Officer of such electoral roll, have been omitted in error from the electoral roll.
- 5.5 The Corporation shall provide the Returning Officer with the names of persons who, after the date of receipt by the Returning Officer of such electoral roll, cease to be entitled to vote in the election and shall delete these from the electoral roll.
- 5.6 The Returning Officer shall make the electoral roll applicable to an election for an office available for inspection by members of the Corporation, or by any person authorised by the Returning Officer, during the ordinary hours of business until the day on which the result of the election is declared.

6. Casual Director Vacancies

- 6.1 This Election Manual shall apply to any by-elections.
- 6.2 The term of office of a person entitled to fill a casual vacancy shall be limited to the unexpired portion of the current term.

7. Returning Officer Appointment

- 7.1 The Directors or their delegate, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), shall appoint an independent Returning Officer (or an independent body who will appoint a Returning Officer), to oversee the conduct of elections.
- 7.2 The appointment of the Returning Officer shall be effective from the date of the instrument of appointment until the declaration of the election for which that officer has been appointed.
- 7.3 The Returning Officer must complete a declaration that they have no conflict of interest in acting as the Returning Officer.

8. Powers of Returning Officer

- 8.1 The Returning Officer may take such action and give such directions as are considered necessary for the good conduct of an election:
 - (a) To ensure the secrecy of the ballot and that no irregularities occur in or in connection with the election: or
 - (b) To remedy any inconsistency or inadequacy that arises in the application of the Election Manual
- 8.2 The Returning Officer may declare an election invalid if a candidate and/or their nominee interferes with a member's ballot paper or uses coercion or improper inducement to obtain a vote.
- 8.3 The Returning Officer shall set the **timetable** for each step of the election process, following discussion with the Corporation and the Nominations Committee.

9. Disputes

- 9.1 The Corporation authorises the Returning Officer to deal with all disputes, complaints and charges of misconduct which relate to, or are directly concerned with, the conduct of the election, **other than** matters related to eligibility, which shall be managed by the Nominations Committee.
- 9.2 So as to minimise administrative disputes, upon the receipt of Nomination Forms, the Returning Officer shall review the Nomination information received and shall advise a candidate if their Nomination information needs to be corrected or more properly completed before the Nominations Committee undertakes its eligibility assessment. Any corrections must be completed in time for the Nomination information to be sent to the Nominations Committee.
- 9.3 Only the Nominations Committee shall deal with disputes and complaints in relation to the eligibility of candidates for office.

10. Times and place for Nominations

- 10.1 The Returning Officer shall determine the times and dates of the commencement and close of the period for nominees lodging nominations for election for an office having regard to:
 - (a) The date of expiration of the term of office of the holder of the office.
 - (b) The time required to lodge nominations.
 - (c) The time required to complete the election.
 - (d) The provisions of the Rule Book or other relevant rules relating to the times and dates of the commencement and close of the period for lodging nominations in respect of the election.
- 10.2 Nomination Forms shall be sent to the Returning Officer at an address to be nominated.

11. Notice Inviting Nominations

- 11.1 The Returning Officer shall, not less than **7 days and not more than 21 days** before the date of commencement of the period for lodging nominations, cause to be published a notice by any appropriate means which sets out:
 - (a) The intention to hold an election
 - (b) The name of the Corporation
 - (c) The number of persons to be elected
 - (d) The form in which nominations are to be made and where those forms can be obtained

- (e) The place for lodging nominations
- (f) The times and dates of the commencement and close of the period for lodging nominations, which shall be a period of not less than **21 days**
- (g) The roles and responsibilities of the office
- (h) Eligibility criteria for electors and candidates, as provided by the Nominations Committee
- (i) The time and date of the proposed ballot
- (j) Inviting nominations of persons eligible for election.
- 11.2 The notice inviting nominations of candidates for election must be circulated to members by post and/or any other appropriate means. Information should also be posted on the Corporation's website.

12. Nomination process and role of Nominations Committee

12.1 Conditions for Nominations

- (a) The candidate must be a member of the Corporation (or of the Agreement Group in the case of elections for the Cultural Advice Committee), and the Returning Officer shall confirm such membership to the Nominations Committee.
- (b) The candidate must nominate using a prescribed **nomination package** developed by the Nominations Committee, and shall send the package to the Returning Officer at the address nominated.
- (c) A candidate for a director position must address the Nomination criteria as prescribed by the Nominations Committee to confirm their eligibility under the requirements.
- (d) The candidate must signify willingness to accept the office if elected.

12.2 Confirmation of Director Eligibility by the **Nominations Committee**

- (a) In accordance with the Rule Book, the Nominations Committee will receive Nominations from the Returning Officer and will consider them against the director eligibility requirements.
- (b) The Nominations Committee will provide a report to the Returning Officer listing those candidates that the Nomination Committees determines are eligible.
- (c) The Nominations Committee has absolute discretion to determine whether a nominee satisfies the eligibility criteria. The Nominations Committee's decision in this regard is final, and there shall be no appeal against, or review of the decision.
- (d) The Returning Officer shall be bound by the Nominations Committee's findings on the eligibility of candidates.
- (e) The Nominations Committee must undertake their eligibility assessment within a timeframe agreed with the Returning Officer.
- (f) The Nominations Committee must deal with any appeals, complaints or request for information from candidates in accordance with Terms of Reference that guide their assessment activity and processes.
- (g) The Returning Officer and the Corporation shall have no role in relation to determining candidate eligibility to be a Member Director, however the Returning Officer shall advise candidates if their Nomination is incomplete and will endeavour to have the Nomination corrected before it needs to be sent to the Nominations Committee.

12.3 Preliminary notice of ineligibility

(a) The Nominations Committee must immediately notify in writing any ineligible nominees:

- (i) of the Nomination Committee's decision that they are ineligible:
- (ii) the reasons for the Nomination Committee's decision, by reference to the relevant clauses of the Rule Book;
- (iii) of a limited right to provide submissions to the Nominations Committee to have the decision reviewed, only where the nominee believes the Nomination Committee has made an administrative error in processing the nominee's application; and
- (iv) that no other basis for an appeal is allowed.

12.4 Submissions in reply to ineligibility notification:

- (a) Nominees who receive a notification of ineligibility for candidacy, have a right to provide a submission in reply to notification, provided that those submissions must:
 - (i) be provided in writing to the Committee within 7 days of receipt of the ineligibility notification:
 - (ii) be provided by, or on behalf of the ineligible nominee;
 - (iii) be succinct and strictly relevant to the matters in issue provided in the notification;
 - (iv) only be in respect of an alleged administrative error in processing the nominee's application.
- (b) The Nominations Committee's decision on review of a nominee's submission in reply is final.
- (c) If no submission is made by a candidate within the allowed time, the decision of the Committee will be deemed to be final.

12.5 Candidate's profile

A may submit a "candidate profile". The candidate profile is intended to be used to give the electors information about the suitability of the candidate for a Director position. The profile will be sent to electors along with the election mail-out material. The profile:

- (a) is to be in the English language and is not to contain more than 150 words;
- (b) is to be confined to biographical information about the candidate and statements of the candidate's policies or beliefs. is to be hand written, typed or printed on a single A4 page, or if it is delivered electronically, is to be capable of being printed on a single A4 page;
- (c) is to include the candidate's full name in the form in which he or she has asked for it to be included on the ballot paper and details of an address where he or she can be contacted. Other contact details such as telephone numbers or email addresses may also be included; and
- (d) may include a photograph (passport size) of the proposed candidate's head or head and shoulders. The photograph should be recent, taken less than six months before the date of the nomination form.

12.6 Name on Ballot Paper

The nomination form shall include the candidate's name to be used on the ballot paper. The name to be printed on the ballot paper should include the surname and one or more of the candidate's given names (or an initial or a commonly accepted variation). The candidate must use the same name on the candidate profile if one is provided. To ensure fairness between candidates the Returning Officer may rule that a name is inappropriate for inclusion on the ballot paper. If so, he or she may ask the candidate to nominate another name or choose one he or she considers appropriate.

12.7 Withdrawal of Nomination

A candidate may, by notice signed by him or her, and witnessed by an elector, and addressed to and lodged with the Returning Officer before the time and date fixed for the expiry of the period for lodging nominations, withdraw his or her consent to the nomination. That person shall be deemed not to have nominated.

13. Candidates Elected Unopposed

13.1 Where, on the expiry of the period for lodging nominations, the number of eligible candidates does not exceed the number of offices to be filled, the Returning Officer shall declare those candidates to be elected unopposed to that office.

14. Insufficient Candidates

14.1 Where, on the expiry of the period for lodging the nominations for election for an office, insufficient nominations for that office have been received, the Returning Officer shall as soon as practicable after the expiry of that period, so advise the Corporation.

15. Death of a Candidate

- 15.1 If a candidate dies before the declaration of nominations, his or her name shall not be declared as a candidate and the election shall proceed.
- 15.2 If the death occurs after the declaration of nominations but before postal votes are dispatched, the name of the deceased candidate shall be removed from the ballot paper and the election will proceed.
- 15.3 If the death occurs after the dispatch of postal votes but before the close of voting, votes will not be counted in respect of any candidate that is deceased and the election will proceed.
- 15.4 If, after the close of voting but before the declaration of the election, any successful candidate in an election dies, the candidate with the next highest vote shall be declared elected.

16. Number of Candidates

- 16.1 Where the number of candidates exceeds the number of offices to be elected, the Returning Officer shall determine the date of commencement of issuing ballot papers and the time and date of the close of the ballot having regard to:
 - (a) the date of expiration of the term of office of the holder of the office;
 - (b) the time required to send and return ballot papers by post;
 - (c) the time required to complete the election; and
 - (d) the provisions of the Rule Book relating to the times and dates of the commencement and close of the ballot in respect of the election.
- 16.2 Where an election occurs at a General Meeting, ballots will be distributed on the day and the Returning Officer must ensure that sound processes are in place to enable a fair and accurate count of the votes on the day.

17. Election Package to be sent to Members in each Ward

- 17.1 An election package shall be posted by the Corporation to the members and shall contain:
 - (a) A ballot paper.
 - (b) An envelope marked 'Ballot Paper', which may have a declaration attached or, where the back of that envelope is not so used, a separate declaration is numbered to coincide with an identifying number shown against the name of that person on the Returning Officer's electoral roll.

- (c) Any voting instructions.
- (d) A reply-paid envelope addressed to the Returning Officer, or other suitable means for recording the vote (in the case of an election at a General Meeting).
- (e) A candidate profile, if provided by the candidate.
- (f) A timetable for the election, including the deadline for the receipt of ballots by the Returning Officer.
- 17.2 The time allowed for members to forward ballots to the Returning Officer shall not be less than **28 days.**

18. Form of Ballot Paper

- 18.1 The order of names of candidates for election for an office that appear on the ballot paper for that election, shall be in alphabetical order by surname. The Returning Officer shall include on the ballot paper information and instructions to the voter with respect to the following matters and substantially in accordance with the following form:
 - (a) The title of the office to which the election relates.
 - (b) The names of the candidates in alphabetical order.
 - (c) The time and date of the close of the ballot, or the date of the General Meeting at which the election is held.
 - (d) Instructions on how to mark the ballot paper in order to record a formal vote.

19. Form of Elector's Declaration

- 19.1 In the case of a postal vote, a declaration shall contain:
 - (a) The full name of the elector.
 - (b) The address of the elector.
 - (c) An identifying number shown against the name of that person on the Returning Officer's electoral roll.
 - (d) The type of election.
- 19.2 The declaration shall make provisions for the elector to declare, by placing his or her signature in the space provided, that he or she is the elector named on the declaration.

20. Date of close of Vote and Issue of Ballot Papers

- 20.1 As soon as practicable after the date determined for the commencement of issuing ballot papers in respect of an election, the Returning Officer shall issue, by post to each person: at the address shown on the electoral roll, a ballot paper and the other ballot material in a sealed envelope and provide for the return of the ballot paper in a reply paid envelope.
- 20.2 The envelope referred to above shall include an instruction that, if it is not delivered to the addressee it should be returned to the address nominated by the Returning Officer for the receipt of ballots.
- 20.3 The close of vote shall be not less than **28 days** after the date that Election packages are sent to members.

21. Issue of Duplicate Postal Vote Ballot Paper or Ballot Paper Envelope

- 21.1 Where, on application before the time of the close of the ballot in an election, the Returning Officer is satisfied that a ballot paper or ballot paper envelope issued to a person whose name is on the electoral roll has not been received or has been lost, destroyed or spoilt, he or she shall issue to that person a duplicate ballot paper, or ballot paper envelope, as the case may be.
- 21.2 An application by a person for a duplicate ballot paper or ballot paper envelope for an election shall:
 - (a) be made in writing;
 - (b) set out the grounds on which the application is made;
 - (c) declare that the person has not voted in the election; and
 - (d) if practicable, be accompanied by any evidence that is available of that non-receipt, destruction or damage of the original ballot paper.

22. How to Vote

Ballot papers for each Ward should be marked as follows:

- (a) An elector is to mark the ballot paper by placing a cross in the box opposite the name of the candidates that the elector wishes to elect.
- (b) An elector may vote for only one candidate
- (c) When an elector marks the ballot paper in a manner, other than the prescribed manner, but the ballot paper clearly indicates the voter's intention, the Returning Officer may include the ballot paper in the count.
- (d) Voting by proxy shall not be permitted.

23. Ballot Boxes

- 23.1 The Returning Officer is to provide such ballot boxes as are necessary for the election at the places at which ballot boxes are required under these rules.
- 23.2 Before a ballot box is used to take ballot papers or envelopes, the Returning Officer or assistant is to satisfy himself or herself that it is empty and then secure it with a security device in a way that ensures that nothing can be removed from it without breaking the security device.
- 23.3 Ballot boxes that are to be used at a General Meeting are to be displayed and secured under in the presence of any scrutineers then present.

24. Scrutineers

- 24.1 Each candidate nominated for election may, by written notice given to the Returning Officer, appoint a person who is eligible to be a scrutineer in respect of that election, being a person other than a candidate for that position.
- 24.2 A scrutineer must make a declaration before the Returning Officer as prescribed in Form 1.
- 24.3 A scrutineer appointed under this regulation may:
 - (a) Be present while the Returning Officer carries out his functions
 - (b) Not touch any ballot paper or envelope containing any ballot paper;
 - (c) Direct the attention of the Returning Officer to –

- (i) any irregularity concerning the issue of ballot papers.
- (ii) the admission of any envelope to scrutiny.
- (iii) the admission of a ballot paper as formal.
- (iv) the rejection of a ballot paper as informal, or
- (v) the counting of the vote; and
- (d) Carry out any other functions of a scrutineer under the rules of the Corporation.

24.4 Where a scrutineer:

- (a) Interrupts the count other than for a purpose noted above, or;
- (b) Fails to carry out a lawful request by the Returning Officer,

the Returning Officer may direct the scrutineer to leave the place where the scrutiny is being conducted.

24.5 A scrutineer shall comply with a direction by the Returning Officer.

25. Receipt of Postal Vote Ballot Papers

25.1 Procedure for Checking Declarations.

Declarations are to be checked as follows:

- (a) The Returning Officer or assistant is to open each election package and remove the papers contained in it.
- (b) The Returning Officer or assistant is to check that the declaration is completed in accordance with these rules.
- (c) If satisfied, the Returning Officer or assistant is to mark the electoral roll either manually or electronically.
- (d) If not satisfied that the declaration conforms with the rules, the Returning Officer or assistant is to make a record on the ballot paper envelope of its rejection without opening it or allowing it to be opened.
- 25.2 In any case where doubt has arisen in relation to whether a ballot has been received from the member to whom a ballot paper was sent, the Returning Officer may compare signatures on declarations to membership applications and, if not similar, reject them.
- 25.3 The Returning Officer may place all envelopes in a sealed ballot box until the count or prepare the ballot papers for the count.

26. Preparation of Postal Ballot Papers for Count

- 26.1 To prepare postal voting papers the Returning Officer or assistants may, before close of voting:
 - (a) Detach each declaration attached to the envelope, and put it aside
 - (b) Place the ballot paper envelope unopened, into a sealed ballot box ready for the count.
- 26.2 The Returning Officer is to keep:
 - (a) The electors' declarations
 - (b) The ballot paper envelopes rejected under rule 24.2(d) of this Election Manual
 - (c) The empty ballot paper envelopes,

in safe custody until the term of office of the elected candidates has expired.

27. The Count

- 27.1 Votes must be counted by the first past the post method.
- 27.2 As soon as practicable after the time of the close of the ballot, and in the presence of the scrutineers, if any, the Returning Officer may take the ballot box or boxes to the place of the count.
- 27.3 If there are no scrutineers appointed, the Returning Officer must appoint an independent person to be present during the counting process.
- 27.4 Where any voting papers are rejected, the Returning Officer shall mark the envelope 'rejected' with the reason(s) for rejection and set it aside for safe keeping.
- 27.5 After the close of the voting, the Returning Officer, in the presence of scrutineers (if any) may open the sealed ballot box and take out the ballot paper envelopes and extract the ballot papers ready for the count.
- 27.6 In the event that two or more candidates receive an equal highest number of votes, the tie will be resolved by the Returning Officer placing the name of each candidate into unmarked identical envelopes (one name per envelope). The envelopes will be placed into a box, and the Returning Officer will drawone envelope from the box, containing the name of the successful candidate.
- 26.7 Where the count has produced a result where the "Majority of Directors" requirement of the Rule Book (2 or more Directors must not be Family Members of each other) would be breached, the Returning Officer must declare as elected the Family Member who has the highest vote and must not declare any further Family Members as elected.

28. Re-count

- 28.1 At any time before the declaration of the poll, the Returning Officer may, if he or she thinks fit, at the request of any scrutineer, or of his own volition, re-count the ballot papers.
- 28.2 The Returning Officer in conducting the re-count shall have the same powers as if the re-count was the count and may reverse any decision in relation to the scrutiny as to the allowance, admission, disallowance or rejection of any ballot paper.

29. Informal Ballot Papers

- 29.1 The Returning Officer shall reject as informal any ballot paper that is not marked substantially in accordance with the instructions on the ballot paper.
- 29.2 Where, during the scrutiny, the Returning Officer is informed by a scrutineer that the scrutineer objects to a ballot paper being admitted as formal, or rejected as informal, as the case may be, the Returning Officer shall decide the matter and endorse his or her decision on the back of the ballot paper.
- 29.3 The Returning Officer is to be the sole and final judge of whether a ballot paper is formal or informal prior to the declaration of the result.

30. Declaration of Result of voting by Postal vote

30.1 The Returning Officer shall declare the result of the election by giving notice of the result in writing to the Corporation at its registered office. The Corporation may declare the results of the election at an event such as the organisation's Annual General Meeting or in any other prescribed way.

- 30.2 The Returning Officer shall, at the time of declaring the result of the election, declare in respect of the election;
 - (a) The number of ballot papers printed, as certified by the printer
 - (b) The number of ballot papers, (other than duplicate ballot papers) issued
 - (c) The number of duplicate ballot papers issued
 - (d) The number of unused ballot papers
 - (e) The number of ballot papers rejected from scrutiny
 - (f) The number of ballot papers admitted as formal
 - (g) The number of ballot papers rejected as informal
 - (h) The number of votes admitted as recorded in favour of each candidate.

31. Preservation and Custody of Election Material

- 31.1 On the completion of the counting of votes, the Returning Officer, in consultation with a representative of the Corporation, shall make provision for the preservation and custody of:
 - (a) All nomination papers
 - (b) All ballot papers admitted as formal
 - (c) All ballot papers rejected as not complying with the rules or informal
 - (d) All declarations relating to the ballot papers, whether formal or informal
 - (e) All envelopes received after the close of the ballot
 - (f) The marked electoral roll against which the declarations were checked
 - (g) All unused ballot papers, declarations and other documents prepared in connection with the election,

which shall be placed in labelled containers, each endorsed with the name of the Corporation and the office to which the election relates. These shall be sealed, signed and dated by the Returning Officer and retained for not less than the term of office of the elected candidates.

32. Extension of Time

32.1 The Returning Officer may allow an extension of time to receive nominations or to undertake any other elements of the election process where the circumstances are such that an extension would allow for the better conduct of the election.

33. Fees and costs incurred by the Returning Officer

33.1 Where the Returning Officer is appointed by the Corporation to conduct an election, the Corporation will be responsible for all costs, charges and expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred in connection with that election. An agreement should be entered into with any Returning Officer (or other independent entity which undertakes some or all Returning Officer functions).

Appendix 1 Form 1

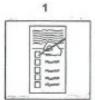
APPOINTMENT OF SCRUTINEER

Organisation									
Office									
Election date		1	1						
Candidate									
Surname	Surname								
Given names									
Address	No.		Street Name						
Addiess	Subu	rb				Postcode			
Scrutineer									
Surname									
Given names									
Address	No.		Street Name						
Address	Suburb				Postcode				
Phone numbers	(H)				(W)				
Fax number				Email					
I hereby appoint the following person as a scrutineer at the above election.									
Signature of candidate						Date	1	1	
I DECLARE that I will only observe the election processes and will not record or convey details of who has voted in the election. I will comply with instructions from the Returning Officer.									
Signature of scrutineer						Date	1	1	

emc 10307831_1 emc 10327484_2

/// REMOVE TAPE AND SEAL HERE ///

How to use this envelope...



Complété ýður bellet paper(ii) by following the instrubtions on the ballet paper(s).



2

Place the ballot Paper(s) in the divelope shid seed it. This envelope is for your ballot paper(s) love.



3

Sign the Dedutation Do not detach it from this envelope.



Place this envelope in the Reply Paid envelope and post Estraight away.

(INSIDE FLAP)

BALLOT PAPER ENVELOPE

(FRONT)

DO NOT DETACH FLAP

PLEASE COMPLETE THE DECLARATION BELOW OR YOUR VOTE WILL NOT BE COUNTED. YOUR VOTE IS SECRET - The Returning Officer will detach this declaration before the envelope is opened.

(OUTSIDE FLAP)

Full name of elector

Elector MUST sign here

Signature of elector